The Library of Congress'

EARLY STATE RECORDS PROJECT

converted from the original microfilm held by the
Vincent C. Immel Law Library, Saint Louis University

through the generous support of a grant from the

Council on Library and Information Resources

Annual Report

reformatted from the original and including,

Annual report of the Officers of the Alabama Insane Hospital … <1869>-1871;

Annual report of the Alabama Insane Hospital <1873>, <1880>; and

Annual report of the Trustees and Superintendent of the Alabama Insane Hospital <1878>

LLMC #: 00242t

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

OFFICERS

OF THE

ALABAMA INSANE HOSPITAL

AT TUSCALOOSA,

For the Year 1871.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.:
W. W. SCREWS, STATE PRINTER.
1871.

CONTENTS.

TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS. | REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

1. Numerical Results.
2. Causes of Death.
3. Class, &c. of Patients.
4. General Observations.
5. Improvements.
6. Extension.
7. Expenditure and Support.
8. Building and Improvement Fund.
9. Medical Treatment.
10. Religious Exercises.
11. Acknowledgments.
12. Conclusion.

APPENDIX.

Table I. Admissions and Discharges.
Table II. Duration of Insanity.
Table III. Age.
Table IV. Domestic State.
Table V. Occupation.
Table VI. Predisposing Causes.
Table VII. Exciting Causes.
Table VIII. Form of Insanity.
Table IX. Education.

13. Treasurer's & Steward's Acct.
14. Unconsumed Supplies.
15. Improvement Fund Account.
16. Synopsis of Regulations.
17. Names and Salaries.
18. Total Days Work.
19. Productions of Farm, &c.
20. Result of Work.
21. Blooming Seasons of Plants.
22. Rules of Admission.
23. Admission of Indigent Patients.
24. Admission of Paying Patients.

TRUSTEES AND OFFICERS OF THE HOSPITAL.

TRUSTEES.

REUBEN SEARCY, M. D., *President.*

HONL. WM. MILLER,
HONL. PORTER KING,
HONL. E. F. JENNINGS,
HONL. J. DE F. RICHARDS,
E. F. BOUCHELLE, M. D.,
R. A. BOYD, M. D.

RESIDENT OFFICERS.

P. BRYCE, M. D., *Superintendent and Physician.*

JOHN LITTLE, M. D., *Assistant Physician.*
HONL. W. MOODY, *Treasurer.*
HENRY FURNESS, *Steward.*
MRS. H. WOODALL, *Matron.*

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES

OF THE

ALABAMA INSANE HOSPITAL.

TUSCALOOSA, ALA., October 26, 1871.

To His Excellency Rob't B. Lindsay,

Governor of Alabama:

As Trustees of the Alabama Insane Hospital, it becomes our duty annually to report to your Excellency the condition of the Institution committed to our guardianship.

We have endeavored faithfully to attend to the duties of our trust—have carefully examined the books and accounts of the Treasurer and Steward—have visited the several wards and apartments of the patients, conversed with many of them personally, and have carefully observed the condition and management of the Hospital generally—and we are more than ever convinced that the institution is in good hands; that the Superintendent and other officers and employees are well fitted for their respective positions, and have faithfully and successfully discharged the duties of their respective offices—in short, that every thing has been done, during the past year, that could reasonably be expected for the health, comfort and restoration of that most unfortunate class of our citizens who have sought a retreat in the Asylum so generously provided for them through the munificence of the State.

The funds received from the State treasury have been well and judiciously expended. Especially has the liberal appropriation, made at the last session of the Legislature, already contributed much to the convenience and happiness of nearly three hundred persons who, deprived of

reason and the kind ministration of friendship and affection, have been confined within the inclosures of an Insane Hospital. Many important repairs and improvements have already been made, others are in progress of completion, which, when done, will save much in the way of economy and labor, and greatly exceed in value and importance the amount that has been expended on them.

For a more particular account of the present condition of the Hospital, and its operations during the year closing with the 30th day of September last, we beg leave to refer you to the very full, and we believe accurate report of the Superintendent, with the reports of the Treasurer and Steward, which are herewith submitted as a part of our report to you.

In conclusion, it affords the Trustees much pleasure to commend to your favorable consideration our Hospital for the insane; and through you we recommend it to the confidence and patronage of the people of Alabama, as a safe and comfortable home for such as for want of reason are incapable of taking care of themselves, and cannot receive or communicate happiness at their own firesides or among their dearest friends.

With great respect,

Your most obedient servants,

REUBEN SEARCY, Pres't.
J. DE F. RICHARDS, Sec'y,
WILLIAM MILLER,
E. F. JENNINGS,
PORTER KING,
} Trustees.

ELEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Superintendent of the Alabama Insane Hospital.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., 1st October, 1871.

To the Trustees of the Hospital:

GENTLEMEN:—On the 1st of October, 1870, there were two hundred and twenty-two patients under treatment in this Hospital. Since then one hundred and thirty-nine have been admitted, making an aggregate of three hundred and sixty-one under treatment during the twelve months ending 1st October, 1871.

Of this number thirty-three have been discharged recovered, nine improved, five unchanged and twenty-six have died. These results are more fully exhibited in the following tables:

I. Numerical Results of the Year.

	Men.	Women.	TOTAL.
Remaining in Hospital October 1st, 1870.....	115	107	222
Received during the present year.	75	64	139
Under treatment during the present year.	190	171	361
Daily average	126	118	244
Discharged cured during the present year.....	20	13	33
Discharged improved " " "	5	4	9
Discharged unchanged " " "	3	2	
Died.....	13	13	26
Remaining in Hospital October 1st, 1871.....	149	139	288

2. Causes of Death During the Year.

	Men.	Women.	Total.
Apoplexy	.....	1	1
Marasmus	5	3	8
Epilepsy	3	1	4
Phthisis	.....	1	1
Dysentery	1	.....	1
Heart Disease	1	2	3
Exhaustion	2	2	4
Gangrene	1	.....	1
Enteritis	.....	1	1
Renal Disease	.....	2	2
Total	13	13	26

3. Class, Color and Sex of Patients Remaining in Hospital.

	Men.	Women.	Total.
Private, or paying, (white)	14	16	30
Indigent, (white)	107	93	200
Indigent, (colored)	21	29	50
Criminal, (white)	7	1	8
Total	149	139	288

4. General Observations.

It is again an occasion of cordial congratulation, and profound gratitude to the Supreme Ruler of events, that nothing untoward nor unpleasant has occurred in the affairs of the Institution, calculated to mar its reputation or relax the firm hold it has taken upon the confidence and affections of the people. All of its legitimate and varied operations have been conducted in a most harmonious and successful manner, and to the entire satisfaction of all concerned. As usual, there have been no suicides, nor serious accidents of any kind; and if any changes or departures from the usual routine, worth mentioning, have occurred, they may safely be placed on the side of progress and improvement.

The number of recoveries, in proportion to the admissions, is greater than last year, while the deaths have correspondingly diminished. These facts are the more striking when considered in connection with the unusually large number of incurable and feeble patients admitted. It is not surprising, however, that with the additional facilities for promoting the health and comforts of the inmates, af-

forded by the liberal appropriation of the last Legislature, a general improvement should have taken place in every department of the Institution.

---

5. Improvements.

Among the improvements already made, or near completion, is the erection of a substantial steam laundry, built of brick, eighty-four feet long by thirty-four wide, two stories high, covered with tin, plastered, painted, and finished throughout in good style. The lower story embraces, first, a boiler room, sixteen by thirty-two feet, with two boilers, flue and tubular; second, an engine room, twenty-four by thirty-two feet, containing a new and beautiful 30-horse power engine, two Worthington steam pumps, and a grist mill; third, a laundry, twenty-six by thirty-two feet, with four of Smith's Eccentric washing machines, rinsing tubs, &c., all driven by steam; and fourth, a machine shop, sixteen by thirty feet, with planer for dressing lumber, mortising machine, lathe for turning wood, circular saw, &c. Up stairs are other shops, fitted up with machinists' tools, lathe, screw-cutter, a room for mangling clothes, a closet for drying clothes with the exhaust steam from the engine and pumps, sleeping apartments for the laundry-man and engineer, closets, &c., &c.

The design and arrangement of this building are very complete, and leave nothing to be desired in the several departments for which it was intended to provide. I would add, for the benefit of other large institutions, and for those who take special interest in such matters, that the Eccentric clothes washer and wringer are the latest improvements of Hamilton E. Smith, the original inventor of the celebrated and justly popular hydraulic clothes washer. Its chief merit over the latter is, that it has a continuous rotary motion, thereby requiring less power, and obviating that severe strain upon the machine occasioned by the reverse motion of the cylinder. The cost of the four machines, with wringers attached, together with the Little Giant Clothes Mangle, was fifteen hundred dol-

lars. The manufacturers kindly made a deduction of fifty dollars from the regular prices.

Next in importance, and almost equal in magnitude, is the commodious and substantial barn, stables and cattle-shed combined, which is just about completed. The building is of brick, seventy-five feet long by forty-five in width, and occupies an excavation upon the hill side directly in the rear of the Hospital building, distant about forty rods. The basement is fitted up with stalls and feeding-racks for the accommodation of milch cows, with calf pens, root cellar, and a manure pit. The latter, thirteen by forty-five feet, is partitioned off and cemented, and drains the stables below and the stables above. The second story, which is on a level with the upper side of the hill, is divided along its entire length by a passage twelve feet wide, through which loaded wagons can easily be driven, and deposit their loads into the grain bins on either side, or into the capacious bays or lofts above. On the same story, immediately over the manure pit, are stables for six horses, and closets for harness, cut food, &c. The stalls are each five feet wide, and separated by ornamental cast iron lattice guards, and provided, each, with iron boxes for hay, corn and water. The floors are tongued and grooved, and inlaid with iron gutters and soil traps, to catch the droppings and deposit them into the manure pit below. Water is carried into the stables and other parts of the building by iron pipes. A wing, also of brick, eighteen by thirty feet, abutting the lower side of the barn, opens upon the cattle yard by four arched openings eight feet wide. Three of these apartments are for housing wagons and other vehicles, and the fourth for boilers and apparatus for cooking food for the stock. The half story above contains two sleeping rooms for the accommodation of hostler and dairyman.

We propose to build next, in a plain but substantial manner, a poultry-house and piggery combined, large enough to supply the wants of the Institution and utilize the offal which would otherwise be wasted. It is also in contemplation to build a few work-shops immediatley in

the rear of and communicating with the men's airing court. Almost every trade is represented among the patients in the Hospital, and besides the benefit to their health and happiness the profits accruing from their industry must prove an item of pecuniary importance to the Institution. Most of the materials for these proposed improvements are already on hand and there is still in the Treasury a sufficient balance left from the appropriation made by the Legislature last year to complete them. By the great economy practiced in making and burning the brick upon the premises, securing other building material at low prices, using the labor of patients and nurses, and requiring faithful performance of work on the part of mechanics and laborers, we have been enabled to accomplish much more than was at first anticipated.

Besides these great improvements on the premises, many of a minor character, but no less important, have been made and are still progressing in the interior of the Hospital. Painters have been constantly engaged during the summer upon the windows of both wings, and the public Halls, Parlors, Offices and Chapel in the Center-building. The work is carried rapidly forward and will probably be completed by the close of the present year. Four wards for the best class of patients have been supplied with new furniture, and otherwise made very comfortable. A thorough and efficient protection against fire has been effected during the year. Fire-plugs have been placed on every floor in the building, and at covenient distances outside, with sufficient hose, conveniently coiled on hose-wagons, to reach every part of the building at a moment's warning. A large number of Gold's Heat-radiators have been purchased to replace the worn out coils of steam pipe used during the past ten years for heating the building in winter. We hope by degrees to substitute this great improvement in heating throughout the entire establishment.

---

6. Extension.

It will be seen by reference to the tables that there are two hundred and eighty-eight patients under treatment.

The building was designed to accommodate comfortably just two hundred and fifty. It is apparent, therefore, that the Hospital is already crowded, and that if all the applicants are to be received, further provision must be made immediately for their accommodation. In a few months, at the present rate of admission, the number will reach three hundred and twenty-five, *which is the utmost capacity of the house.* After that, applicants can only be received as vacancies occur. It would be easy to extend the present building to meet the demands of the people for many years to come, and in all probability it will eventually have to be done. Whether it should be done at once or not, is a question for the people and their legislators to determine.

Viewing it in its moral aspects, it is plainly the duty of the State to provide liberally for this, the most unfortunate, and, therefore, the most compassionable of all classes of its citizens. This is an admitted fact in every civilized country, and other States in this Union are responding promptly, liberally and cheerfully to their obligations in this direction. Above all others the insane man demands our sympathy and assistance, and I hope the doors of this Hospital may never be closed against him.

---

7. Expenditure and Support.

The total expenditure for the fiscal year ending with 30th September, 1871, will be seen, by reference to the Treasurer's and Steward's statements in the Appendix, to have been fifty-one thousand six hundred and ninety-six dollars and four cents, ($51,696 04). This does not, of course, include the amount expended for buildings and improvements, for which a special appropriation was made by the Legislature last year, and of which a separate statement is also rendered in the Appendix. The amount named includes the annual salaries of officers, wages of nurses and other employees, ordinary repairs upon the building, the board, clothing, lodging and medicines for the patients, and all other expenses of the Hospital for all

purposes, incidental and contingent, for the current year. The daily average of patients under treatment during the year is found, upon exact calculation, to be a fraction over two hundred and forty-four, (244), which, divided into the table expenditure, ($51,696 04), makes the cost per annum, of each patient, two hundred and eleven dollars and eighty six cents, ($211 86).

To meet this outlay the State allows the Hospital four dollars per week, for each indigent patient received by order of the courts, which amounts for the year to two hundred and eight dollars, ($208)—just three dollars and eighty-six cents ($3 86) less than the actual annual cost. The deficit is made up chiefly out of receipts from private or paying patients who are charged two hundred and forty dollars ($240) per annum.

From the last report of the Superintendent of the Indiana Hospital for the Insane, under the head of expenditure, I find the following statement: "From a carefully compiled table now before me embracing twenty-one prominent State Institutions, Hospitals and Asylums for the Insane in the United States, I find that the average cost *per capita* for the maintenance of the insane, *exclusive of clothing and officers' salaries*, is two hundred and seventy-two dollars and forty-eight cents (272 48) per annum."

It will be observed from the above, that these figures are very considerably higher than ours, and do not include the clothing and salaries. On the subject of making liberal provision for the care and treatment of the Insane, Dr. Evarts, in the same report, makes the following judicious and well-timed suggestions which it would be well for us all to keep prominently in view. "There are two methods," he says, "of conducting such an Institution as this. One method embraces no other consideration than that of maintaining the unfortunate men and women consigned to its walls as public paupers at the lowest rates of expenditure. The other takes into consideration the greatest possible good to be accomplished by such a benevolence exercised toward unfortunate but worthy citizens of the State, embracing ideas of common comfort and the

amelioration of such suffering as is unknown to any other class of persons, and their restoration to society in the shortest practicable period, together with all the improvements incident to the progress of science and the appliances of art which contribute to these ends, keeping the Institution in the front rank of sanitariums of like dignity and importance."

"Bringing into my labor as Superintendent the pride of patriotism as well as that of a profession, to which, because of its recognized intelligence and humanity, is assigned by law the immediate control of the Hospital for the Insane, and believing that such is not only the desire of the people of the State, but that they would not knowingly be satisfied with anything short of this, I have adopted the latter method, and have acted upon it to the extent of means furnished, and shall continue to do so until convinced that such is not their purpose or wish. The insane should not be regarded or treated as common paupers because cared for at public expense. The benefit and relief to the community, effected by the consignment to a hospital adapted to their wants, is equal to, if not more important than, that accruing to themselves. No class of citizens, no individual, can claim complete immunity from the disease of insanity. No man knows when he may have to consign some one of his own family or kindred to the generous walls of an Insane Hospital, or that he may not be the next for whom admission will be asked. It should be, then, and I believe it is, the wish of every intelligent citizen of the State, that their Hospital for the Insane should be conducted in such a manner, and with such liberality of expenditure, intelligently and economically directed, as would meet their approbation and desire were their own nearest and dearest friends participants of its beneficence. In this light, and in no other, should the whole matter of conduct and expenditure be considered."

---

8. Building and Improvement Fund.

The last Legislature appropriated twenty-five thousand dollars ($25,000) for purposes of building and improving.

The Treasurer's and Steward's statements, under this head, in the appendix, show a balance of ten thousand, eight hundred and thirty-seven dollars and fifty cents ($10,837 50) still on hand. The whole fund would probably have been expended, and all the contemplated improvements completed before this, but for the unavoidable delay in procuring building materials. This difficulty, however, has now been removed, and a large number of mechanics of different kinds are constantly engaged, and will soon finish the work, and consume the unexpended balance on hand.

---

9. Medical Treatment.

There is nothing new to report under this head, and were it otherwise, this is hardly the place to discuss strictly professional matters. It is sufficient to state, in very general terms, that in accordance with the most advanced views in psychology, which recognize the disordered mental manifestations as consequent upon physical lesions, we continue to avail ourselves, as in other diseases, of the usual therapeutical agents and appliances. To treat insanity successfully, requires an accurate knowledge of the laws of health and the principles of pathology in general, upon which the mental aberrations have been shown to depend. Cases of acute insanity almost invariably call for prompt medical treatment, and are almost invariably benefitted by the judicious and intelligent administration of drugs. Chronic cases, especially of long standing, on the contrary, have usually resulted in impairment of structure, or in physical changes in the brain, and are often beyond the reach of physic. As affording the best hygienic influences, however, in both acute and chronic cases, apart from all therapeutic treatment, a well conducted hospital for the insane stands unquestionably without a rival. So much has been said and written upon the subject, and the public mind so thoroughly convinced, that it is needless to discuss it farther.

10. Religious Exercises, Amusements, &c.

Religious exercises in the chapel are conducted daily by the Superintendent, and occasionally on Sundays, by the ministers of the different churches in the city, and are largely attended by the patients and employees. Sunday evenings are spent in devotional singing, in which all present are invited to join.

An evening every week is given to diversions of different kinds in the large amusement hall appropriated to these purposes. Creditable theatrical performances, Ethiopian minstrelsy, *tableaux-vivants,* and games of all kinds, continue to enliven those occasions. There was a beautiful May-day celebration upon the lawn in front of the Hospital, in which nearly all the patients participated. Raising the pole, crowning the queen, with the usual number of speeches, recitations, and all the other customary observances of that festive occasion, were faithfully reproduced. The laying of the corner stone of the Laundry was the occasion of several extemporaneous addresses from the gentlemen, and the perpetration of a number of poetical effusions on the part of the ladies. Croquet, billiards, music, drafts, and games of all kinds, are still in great favor. A ten-pin alley and a skating rink would doubtless prove valuable acquisitions in the calisthenic department. Rambles in the beautiful woods surrounding the hospital, and gathering wild flowers, fruits, and berries, in their seasons, are sources of never failing delight. Carriage drives in the city, in pleasant weather, are afforded to as many patients as practicable.

We intimated very pointedly in our report last year that a piano was indipensable to the house, and hoped that the appeal would meet a ready response from some liberal friend or patron. Disappointed in this, we found it necessary to purchase a second hand instrument in New York. It has proved a source of great pleasure and satisfaction to the ladies, in whose parlor it has been placed. I wish that other wards in the Hospital, where pianos are needed, could be also indulged.

11. Acknowledgements.

I subjoin a list of the news-journals gratuitously sent, and regularly received by the Hospital, and beg that we be placed permanently upon the list of such others as receive this report.

Advocate, Huntsville,
Argus, Selma,
Advocate, Greenville,
Advertiser, Moulton,
Alabama Herald, Scottsboro,
Advertiser and Mail, Montgomery.
Beacon, Greensboro,
Catholic World, New York.
Christian Advocate, Nashville,
Commonwealth, Marion,
Cherokee Advertiser, Center,
Courier, Clayton,
Democrat, Huntsville,
Exponent, Demopolis,
Herald, Elyton,
Independent, Huntsville,
Journal, Florence,
Journal, Livingston,
Lauderdale Times, Florence,
Monroe Eagle, Claiborne,
Mountain Home, Talladega,
Monitor, Tuscaloosa,
New Era, Stevenson,
North Ala'n. & Times, Tuscumbia,
News, Eufaula,
Observer, Tuscaloosa,
Post, Athens,
Register, Mobile,
Reporter, Huntsville,
Republican, Decatur,
Shelby Guide, Columbiana,
Sun, Elyton,
South Western Presbyterian, N.O.
State Journal, Montgomery,
South Alabamian, Greenville,
Times, Union Springs,
Tribune, Mobile,
Whig and Observer, Eutaw,
West Alabamian, Carrollton,
Wilcox Vindicator, Camden.

We are indebted to the following persons for voluntary contributions made to the Hospital during the year: Mr. Jno. S. Pierson, No. 7, Beekman street, New York, for beautiful engravings, stereoscopic views, books, papers and magazines; Mrs. S—— of New York, through Mr. J. S. Pierson, for forty pounds of candy; Mrs. Wm. Miller of Tuscaloosa, Ala., for a handsome magic lantern; Hon. C. C. Langdon of Mobile, Ala., for a lot of peach trees and grape vines; Mrs. Ann Y. Hunter of Mobile, for ornamental shells and bird cages; Miss Madeline Guilij of Mobile, for box of clothing; Hon. C. C. Buckley, M. C., for packages of flower seed; Hon. Willard Warner, M. C., for reports on the Solar-eclipse of August, 1869; Messrs. C. K. Bliss and James Vick of Rochester, N. Y.; Mrs. Mary Miller of Malone, N. Y.; Dr. George W. McDade of Montgomery, Ala., Dr. E. H. Sholl of Gainesville, Ala., Mrs. Jones of Mobile, Ala., Mrs. C. M. Foster, Mrs. Marrast, Miss Mary Irving, Mrs. R. Searcy, Miss Hewell, Miss Fares and Miss Ward of Tuscaloosa, Ala., for seed, cuttings, roots, plants, shrubs, &c.; Mrs. S. E. Goree of Marion, Ala., for quilt patches; Hon. J. De F. Richards of

Tuscaloosa, for a croquet set, books, magazines, papers, &c.; Messrs. W. W. Bostwick & Co. of Cincinnati, for handsome engravings; Mrs. Albert Hobbs of Malone, N. York, and an unknown lady of Mobile, Ala., for religious papers.

---

12. Conclusion.

In closing this brief report, I would invite the attention of the public to the statistical tables, and other valuable information contained in the Appendix. The Treasurer's and Steward's statements of the fiscal operations of the year, the forms of admission of patients into the Hospital, the amount of work done by the patients, the productions of the farm and garden, the blooming seasons of native plants on the grounds of the Hospital, &c., also appear there.

A word of special commendation is due my subordinate officers, supervisors, nurses, and other employees, for their faithfulness in the performance of their respective duties. It has been well said that "the success of an enterprise depends upon the faithfulness and intelligence of the assistants," and I freely acknowledge this to be especially the case in the management of the affairs of this Hospital. With Dr. Little, my valuable and reliable assistant physician, and Mrs. Woodall, the experienced and indefatigable Matron, I am willing to share all the credit for successful results.

Mr. Clarkson, the Steward, has proved himself an excellent officer, and his resignation to-day is the occasion of universal regret. Mr. Henry Furness has been appointed in his place, and brings the highest testimonials.

Thanking you, gentlemen of the Board of Trustees, for your hearty co-operation in the great work before us, especially for many kind words of encouragement, and invoking the further aid of our kind Heavenly Father in behalf of his afflicted children,

I am, very respectfully,

PETER BRYCE,
Superintendent.

APPENDIX.

TABULAR STATEMENTS.

TABLE I.

Number and Sex of Patients admitted and discharged from July 6th, 1861, to October 1st, 1871.

	MEN.	WOMEN.	TOTAL.
Admitted	409	293	702
Discharged cured	102	75	177
Discharged improved	32	16	48
Discharged unchanged	23	5	28
Died	103	58	161
Remaining	149	139	288

TABLE II.

Duration of insanity of Patients admitted from July 6th, 1861, to October 1st, 1871.

	MEN.	WOMEN.	TOTAL.
Less than one year	116	74	190
From one to three years	76	44	120
From three to five years	32	22	54
From five to ten years	55	35	90
From ten to twenty years	54	44	98
From twenty to thirty years	21	13	34
From thirty to forty years	2	6	8
From forty to fifty years	.....	1	1
Congenital	16	9	25
Unknown	35	43	78
Not insane	2	2	4

TABLE III.

Age of Patients admitted from July 6th, 1861, to October 1st, 1871.

	MEN.	WOMEN.	TOTAL.
Between ten and fifteen years	9	4	13
Between fifteen and twenty years	22	21	43
Between twenty and twenty-five years	61	31	92
Between twenty-five and thirty years	54	44	98
Between thirty and forty years	107	92	199
Between forty and fifty years	74	52	126
Between fifty and sixty years	46	22	68
Between sixty and seventy years	26	13	39
Between seventy and eighty years	5	5	10
Between eighty and ninety years	.....	1	1
Unknown	5	8	13

TABLE IV.

Domestic state of Patients admitted from July 6th, 1861, to October 1st, 1871.

	MEN.	WOMEN.	TOTAL.
Single	210	114	324
Married	160	106	266
Widowed	30	59	89
Unknown	9	14	23

TABLE V.

Occupation of Patients admitted from July 6th, 1861, to Oct. 1st, 1871.

	MEN.	WOMEN.	TOTAL.
Farmers, their wives and daughters	161	80	241
Mechanics, their wives and daughters	24	6	30
Laborers	72	43	115
Merchants, clerks, their wives and daughters	39	12	51
School boys and girls	7	2	9
Lawyers	7	.....	7
Physicians and their wives	14	2	16
Ministers and their wives	11	1	12
Sailors	2	.....	2
School-teachers and their wives	6	8	14
Printers	2	.....	2
Soldiers	4	.....	4
Spinsters	.....	12	12
Domestics	1	15	16
Portrait Painters	1	.....	1
Shoemakers	1	.....	1
None and unknown	57	112	169

TABLE VI.

Alleged predisposing causes of insanity of Patients admitted from July 6th, 1861, to October 1st, 1871.

	MEN.	WOMEN.	TOTAL.
Hereditary transmission	126	73	199
Injuries	29	8	37
Intemperance	13	2	15
Typhoid Fever	7	4	11
Uterine disease	.....	9	9
Opium eating	1	3	4
Old age	.....	1	1
Ill health	2	5	7
Epilepsy	4	4	8
Masturbation	3	.....	3
Unascertained	222	182	404
Not insane	2	2	4

TABLE VII.

Alleged exciting causes of insanity of patients admitted from July 6th 1861, to October 1st, 1871.

	MEN.	WOMEN.	TOTAL.
Ill health	23	32	55
Religious excitement	16	7	23
Political excitement	16	3	19
Epilepsy	47	20	67
Masturbation	20	2	22
Imprisonment	7		7
Intemperance	20	3	23
Domestic trouble	8	18	26
Grief	8	17	25
Hard work	2		2
Losses in business	6	1	7
Fright	7		7
Hard study	3	1	4
Child-birth		13	13
Blow on the head	11	2	13
Loss of sleep	2	2	4
Jealousy	6	3	9
Disappointment in love	6	5	11
Congenital	6	9	15
Apoplexy	3		3
General Paralysis	7	1	8
Opium eating	1	2	3
Use of tobacco	11	11	22
Injuries	10	1	11
Sun stroke	1		1
Meningetis	4	1	5
Typhoid Fever	7	5	12
Uterine disease		8	8
Speculation	1		1
Rape		1	1
Excessive lactation		3	3
Scarlet Fever		1	1
Not insane	2	2	4
Change in life		2	2
Unascertained	148	117	265

TABLE VIII.

Form of insanity of Patients admitted from July 6th, 1861, to October 1st, 1871.

	MEN.	WOMEN.	TOTAL.
Acute mania	82	63	145
Chronic and periodic mania	70	51	121
Epileptic mania	33	9	42
Hysterical mania		7	7
Monomania	65	28	93
Melancholia	34	42	76
Delirium	5		5
Dementia	58	51	109
Paralytic dementia	9	1	10
Imbecility	48	34	82
Idiotcy	3	5	8
Not insane	2	2	4

TABLE IX.

Degree of Education of Patients admitted from July 6th, 1861, to October 1st, 1871.

	MEN.	WOMEN.	TOTAL.
Liberal	19	13	32
Good	98	47	145
Limited	198	115	313
None	83	98	181
Unknown	11	20	31

13. Compendium of Treasurer's and Steward's Account.

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT.

		RECEIPTS.		
1870				
Nov.	10	Received from the State Treasurer	$ 1,000 00	
	22	" " " " "	1,200 00	
	25	" " " " "	7,000 00	
Dec.	7	" " " " "	800 00	
1871				
Jan.	13	" " " " "	10,904 80	
Mar.	6	" " Monroe county	392 25	
April	12	" " the State Treasurer	11,076 00	
May	22	" " Montgomery county	238 32	
	23	" " Sumter county	22 60	
July	11	" " the State Treasurer	12,220 00	
		PAYMENTS.		
1870				
Oct.	1	Balance due the Treasurer		$ 38 32
		Paid during the fiscal year on orders of the Steward, numbered from 1 to 82,		
1871		inclusive		44,829 97
Oct.	1	Overdrawn and due Treasurer	14 32	
			$ 44,868 29	$ 44,868 29

STEWARD'S ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS.

From W. Moody, Treasurer,	$44,829 97	
" Paying patients	6,583 19	
" Stock sold	140 00	
" Supplies and old piping sold	120 88	
" Montgomery Co., refunded	20 00	
" Returned by patient	2 00	
Total for fiscal year	$51,696 04	

PAYMENTS.

Salaries of resident officers		4,524 32
Wages of nurses and mechanics		9,289 63
Wages of machinist and engineer		800 00
Stationery, stamps &c		148 82
Printing and advertising		14 50
Books and periodicals		37 35
Commission, insurance, &c		790 56
Freight and drayage		1,803 52
Travelling expenses of Trustees and Sup't		151 50
Expressage on money from Montgomery		81 14
Blacksmithing		43 95
Tin-ware		139 25
Hardware, tools, implements, machinery, &c		1,880 43
Stone, glass and China-ware		250 26
Furniture		774 89
Brooms		85 90
Dry-goods		2,265 12
Hosiery		174 35
Mattresses and filling		313 84
Carpeting, matting, &c		504 08
Brushes		46 75
Shoes and leather		346 57
Hats and straw-goods		71 48
Drugs and medicines		453 64
Lamps and oils		154 62
Beef, mutton and fish		6,182 11
Bacon, pork and ham		517 45
Poultry		287 23
Groceries		376 43
Butter and eggs		576 09
Molasses and sugar		1,357 93
Coffee and tea		1,081 54
Salt		144 45
Rice		146 43
Corn, meal and hominy		1,596 08
Flour		1,357 31
Lard		90 56
Fruits and confectioners		267 78
Coal		2,614 14
Farm and garden seed		105 21
Trees and shrubbery		32 00
Manures and fertilizers		381 39
Tobacco for working patients		123 14
Carried forward	$51,696 04	$42,383 74

Receipts and payments brought forward....	$51,693 04	$42,383 74
Telegraphing		6 20
Patients' amusements		29 60
Piano and musical instruments		316 55
Lye, soap and starch		86 88
Live stock—mules and cows		560 00
Vehicles and wagons,		441 25
Harness		53 75
Forage—hay, fodder, oats, &c		417 10
Expended on private patients		560 35
Refunded private patients		83 99
Paid for returning patients		41 00
Advanced to discharged patients		32 00
Bricks, lime and cement		1,566 69
Wages of extra mechanics and laborers		1,485 72
Lumber and building materials		3,219 82
Paints, oils, glass, &c		345 15
Surgical instruments and apparatus		66 25
Total receipts and payments	$51,696 04	$51,696 04

14. Unconsumed Supplies.

	ON HAND. Oct. 1, '70.	Oct. 1, '71.
Rice and flour	$ 1,957 08	$ 230 00
Sugar and molasses	983 75	464 25
Bacon and pork	86 04	38 00
Paints and oils	162 40	43 60
Coal and illuminating oils	1,986 50	1,985 00
Coffee and tea	174 62	109 00
Groceries and salt	64 71	83 22
Dry-goods and clothing	598 22	224 00
Hardware, glass, etc	98 00	102 00
Lumber, bricks, etc	251 01	306 00
Tobacco	52 25	12 00
Total	$ 6,414 58	$ 3,597 07
Less than last year		2,817 51
	$ 6,414 58	$ 6,414 58

15. Treasurer's and Steward's Account with Improvement Fund.

TREASURER'S ACCOUNT.

RECEIPTS:		
Mar. 10, 1871, Rec'd from the State Treasurer	$25,000 00	
PAYMENTS.		
Paid on Steward's orders, No. 1 to 4.		$14,162 50
Sept 30, 1871. Balance on hand		10,837 50
	$25,000 00	$25,000 00

Steward's Account with Improvement Fund,

RECEIPTS.		
From W. Moody. Treasurer	$14,162 50	
PAYMENTS.		
Paid George Tieman & Co., instruments		1 60
Phelps, Dodge & Co., roofing-tin, &c		269 87
Eccentric Laundry Co., washing machines		1,500 00
Wood & Mann Engine Co., engines		2,116 00
R. Ball & Co , machinery		903 31
F. A. Hinricks, furniture		10 00
William Bryce & Co., Hardware		596 77
C. F. Raynolds & Co., paints and oils		694 42
Hayden, Gere & Co., machinery		648 35
W. T. & J. Mersereau, furniture		25 75
Phelps, Jewett & Co., furniture		780 52
James C. Wood, heat radiators		1,010 50
M. Walker & Sons, window-guards		578 60
William Wood & Co., instruments		6 60
E. J. Whitney & Co., printing-stamp		3 50
Dr. John Little, traveling expenses		283 50
M. C. Thomas, mule and wagon		287 50
S. D. Brown, 1 mule		162 50
David Greenlee, tools		75
Wages of mechanics aud employees		90 00
J. E. Bean, lumber		171 10
Wages of mechanics and employees		71 65
" " "		186 62
M. Finley, wood for bricks		100 00
Marcellus Augustus, painting		11 10
Wages of mechanics and employees		109 14
" " "		199 16
W. R. Durrett, wood for bricks		248 50
Wages of mechanics and employees		277 70
M. Finley, wood for bricks		75 00
Wages of mechanics and employees		279 02
" " "		299 76
W. P. Lynch, furniture		259 50
Wages of mechanics and employees		290 23
B. H. Neilson, lumber		125 07
M. Finley, wood for brick		451 00
Wages of mechanics and employees		430 43
" " "		291 09
" " "		316 39
Total	$14,162 50	$14,162 50

16. Synopsis of the Regulations.

Employees of the Alabama Insane Hospital are required to give two weeks notice before leaving or forfeit all the wages due them.

They will be paid on the 15th of each month, for services rendered up to the 1st of the same month.

For willful disobedience of orders, disrespect to superior officers, abuse of a patient, or any other unusual offence or violation of the rules of propriety, they will be dismissed from service, and forfeit all back wages due them.

For the following, they will incur, at the discretion of the Superintendent, a deduction from their wages of *not less* than twenty-five cents, in each case.

Discourteous treatment, or impolite language to a patient,

Leaving the premises without permission.

Leaving the Wards unattended.

Not keeping the patients clean, neatly dressed, and properly nursed and attended to at all times.

Not policing the yards, wards, dormitories and stairways.

Loitering, loud talking, or noises of any kind in the wards, or about the public halls, kitchen, terrace, shops, laundry or ironing-room.

Overstaying leave of absence, late at work, and loss of time by sickness.

Not extinguishing lights before ten minutes after the last bell.

Loss or destruction of clothing, furniture, provisions, tools or property of any kind.

(The Cook.) Not ringing the bells, serving food, and drawing rations at proper hours; and food improperly cooked or in insufficient quantities.

(The Watchman.) Not recording the time regularly every half hour on the watchman's clock, and reporting lights, or any unusual occurrence after hours.

Violating the printed By-Laws and Regulations of the Hospital, or verbal orders received from time to time, or neglect of regular duty not herein mentioned.

17. Names and Compensation of Officers and Employees.

RESIDENT OFFICERS.

P. BRYCE, Superintendent and Physician, $2,500.

JOHN LITTLE, Ass't Phy'n..	$1,000	HENRY FURNESS, Steward....	$ 500
W. MOODY, Treasurer.....	250	MRS. H. WOODALL, Matron..	400

MECHANICAL DEPARTMENT.

C. P. DESHAZO, Engineer and Machinist, $83 33.

P. PICKETT, Ass't Eng'r..	$37 50	C. M. DONOHO, Carpenter,	$83 33
DAN MINOR, Miller.....	20 00	SCOTT GARLAND, "	32 50

KITCHEN AND BAKERY.

MRS. MARY MAX, House-keeper, $15 00.

FRED SMITH, 1st Cook....	$25 00	ANDREW JACKSON, Baker ...	$25 00
PETER JACKSON, 2d Cook..	20 00	VIRGIL ROSS, Porter	20 00

JAMES VAUGHN, Scullion, $10 00.

FARM AND GARDEN.

C. C. KILGORE, General Supervisor, $30 00.

WM. TURNER, Teamster...	$20 00	GEO. JACKSON, Teamster....	$20 00

ALEX. SPENCER, Gardner, $20 00.

LAUNDRY.

PAROLEE HAYS, Laundress..$12 00 | NANCY FRANCIS, Ass't Laundress, $12

NURSES.

J. P. TAYLOR, Ward Master, $32 50.

R. S. Furman,	Nurse	$20 00	Sophia Donner,	Nurse,....	$12 00
Geo. Collins,	"	20 00	Sallie Leach,	"	10 00
Wm. Smith,	"	20 00	Araminta Patterson,	"	12 00
Cornelius Walker,	"	20 00	Emma Fowler,	"	12 00
Alexander Wood,	"	20 00	R. E. Baker,	"	12 00
James Williams,	"	20 00	Martha Boswell,	"	12 00
Jesse Vines,	"	20 00	Caroline Whatley,	"	10 00
Jerome Mitchell,	"	20 00	Victoria Bolton,	"	12 00
Charles Geary,	"	20 00	Annie Smith,	"	10 00
Martin Farish,	"	20 00	M. A. Jones,	"	12 00
Joseph Kaiserfeelt	"	20 00	Amanda Hood,	"	12 00
Jefferson Goree,	"	20 00	Mary Green,	"	12 00
George Morris,	"	20 00	Maria Ridgeway,	"	12 00
Gus Rogers,	"	20 00	Annie Inge,	"	12 00
M. Sharry,	"	20 00	Sarah Turner,	"	12 00

SEAMSTRESS.

JANE DONNER, $12 00.

WATCHMAN.

MARTIN MAX, $25 00.

N. B. The amounts show the *annual* salaries of the Resident Officers, and *monthly* pay of employees.

18. Total Number of Days' Work done by Patients

	MEN.	WOMEN.		MEN.	WOMEN.
Bakery	375		Paint-shop	125	
Cooper-shop	321		Printing-office	100	
Dairy	612	573	Sewing-room		1459
Garden (flower)	466	390	Store-rooms	200	317
Farm and Garden	11235	50	Stables	642	
Kitchen	150	25	Shoe-shop	800	
Laundry	50	1241	Upholsterer's room	321	
Mangling-room		1212	Basket-shop	322	
Machine-shop	321		Wagon-shop	325	
Mill	125				

19. Productions Of the Farm, Garden and Dairy.

Beans, (butter)	bushels,	26	Onions	bushels,	110
Beans, (snap)	"	25	Peas, (English)	bushels,	13
Beets	"	115	Peas, (old-field)	"	23
Butter	pounds,	550	Pea-vines	pounds,	575
Corn	bushels,	25	Pigs, (Chester)	"	16
Cabbage heads		4,739	Potatoes, (sweet)	bushels,	1,655
Cucumbers	bushels,	15	Potatoes, (Irish)	"	170
Carrots	"	25	Pepper	"	11
Egg-plants	"	27	Radishes	"	53
Fodder and Hay	pounds,	8,100	Squashes	"	13
Kale, (salad)	"	550	Shallots	"	150
Lettuce	"	575	Spinach	pounds,	175
Mustard	"	450	Soap, (soft)	"	9,000
Milk	gallons,	2,555	Turnips, (ruta-baga)	bushels,	750
Melons			Tomatoes	"	160
Okra	bushels,	450	Vinegar	gallons,	560

20. Result of Work done by the Patients in the Several Departments.

Aprons	2[illegible]	Pillows	68
Boots	3	Pillow-ticks	41
Bed-ticks	49	Pillow-cases	361
Buckets	97	Pantaloons	131
Curtains, (window)	47	Quilts	86
Cushion-covers	12	Shirts, (striped, homespun)	290
Coats, (cotton)	2	Shirts, (pleated bosoms)	20
Coats, (woollen)	111	Shirts, (night)	2
Caps, (men's)	136	Sheets, (bleached)	99
Crochet-mats	40	Sheets, (unbleached)	225
Covers for ironing tables	4	Shoes	165
Drawers, prs	109	Suspenders, prs	181
Dresses, (calico)	104	Sacques, (woollen)	78
Dresses, (homespun)	72	Sacques, (domestic)	69
Calico-skirts	7	Skirts, (woolen)	3
Gloves, prs	2	Skirts, (domestic)	19
Handkerchiefs, (hemmed)	72	Slips, (calico)	10
Mattresses, (moss)	77	Stockings, (knitted)	14
Mattresses, (straw)	76	Socks	12
Mattress-ticks	10	Tubs	22
Napkins, (table)	12		

21. Blooming Season of Native Trees, Shrubs and Flowers, on the Hospital Grounds.

Aesculies, Buckeye.....March 1
Arisæma, Indian Turnip..March 20
Asclepias, Milk Week.....June 10
Amsonia.....March 15
Acer, Maple.....March 1
Bignonia, Cross Vine.....March 25
Tecoma, Trumpet Flower...June 29
Cratœgus, Hawthorn.....April 24
Carya, Hickory.....May 5
Ceanothus, Jersey Tea.....July 20
Callicarpa, French Mulberry, June 10
Cephalanthus, Button Bush, Ap'l 7
Circis, Red Bud.....March 1
Castanea, Chestnut.....April 20
" Chinquapin.....April 24
Chionanthus, Fringe Tree..April 20
Cornies, Dogwood.....March 24
Calycanthus, Sweet Shrub...Mar. 19
Centaurea, Thistle.... ....April 15
Dentaria, Toothwort.....March 10
Diospyros, Persimmon.....May 30
Fagus, Beech.....April 20
Gelsemium, Yel. Jessamine, Feb. 20
Gaylussacia, Huckleberry..April 15
Hydrangea.....June 4
Halesia, Snowdrop Tree..March 15
Ilex, Holly.....April 13
Itea.....April 20
Juglans, Walnut.....April 29
Liquidamba, Sweet Gum..March 24
Leptopoda.....May 2[illegible]
Lonicera, Wood-bine.....April 7
Kalmia, Laurel.....April 15
Myrica, Wax Myrtle.....March 20
Mimosa, Sensitive Plant....May 20
Morus, Mulberry.....April 1
Magnolia.....April 24
" Sweet Bay.....May 20
Mitchella.....Feb. 4
Nemophilii.....April 5
Neviusia.....June 14
Oxalis, Wood Sorrel.....April 18
Prunus, Wild Cherry.....March 17
" Mock Orange.....Feb. 1
Pyrus, Crab Apple.....March 24
Pinus, Pine.....Feb. 28
Philadelphus, Syringa.....April 20
Piscidia, Jamaica Dogwood..Mar. 24
Phacelia.....March 15
Phoradendron, Mistletoe....May 1
Passiflora, Passion Flower..June 25
Podophyllum, May Apple...May 10
Populus, Poplar.....April 27
Plantanus, Sycamore.....March 20
Quercus, Red Oak.....March 5
" White Oak.....March 10
Sassafras.....March 24
Spigelia, Pink Root.....June 10
Scutellaria, Skull Cap.....July 28
Sambucus, Elder.....June 20
Solidago, Golden Rod.....Sept. 25
Taraxacum, Dandelion....March 25
Trillium.....March 14
Ulmus, Elm.....Feb. 20
Vitis, Muscadine.....June 4
" Frost Grape.....June 1

22. Admission of Patients

Three classes of patients are admitted into the Alabama Insane Hospital. 1st. The Indigent, or those who are unable to pay their own expenses in the Hospital and support their families at home. 2nd. Criminal, or those who are acquitted, by reason of insanity, of crimes or misdemeanors. 3rd. Private, or those who are able to bear their expenses in the Hospital.

Each patient, of whatever class, before sent, shall be made perfectly clean, and be free from any contagious or infectious disease.

Each male patient shall bring at least two new shirts, a new and substantial coat, vest and pantaloons, of strong woolen cloth; two pair of drawers, two pair of woolen socks, a black stock or cravat, a good hat or cap, and a pair of new shoes or boots, together with a comfortable outside garment.

Each female patient, in addition to the same quantity of und garments, shoes and stockings, shall have a flannel petticoat, two good dresses, also a cloak or other outside garment.

It is very desirable that extra and better apparel should be sent with those accustomed to it, that when they become better, and when they attend religious worship, walk or ride out, their self-respect may be preserved.

In all cases, the patients' best clothing should be sent—it will be carefully preserved, and only used when deemed necessary for the purpose above mentioned.

Jewelry and all superfluous articles of dress, knives, etc., etc., should be left at home, as they are liable to be lost.

Answers to the following questions should be distinctly written by the patients' friends, physician, or county officers, by whose order they are sent:

1. Age?
2. Where born?
3. Residence?
4. Occupation?
5. Degree of Education?
6. Religious persuasion?
7. Married or single?
8. Number of children?
9. Date of present attack?
10. Cause, how manifested at first, and what changes since?
11. On what subjects? Any rational intervals?
12. Any relatives ever insane, and who were they?
13. Ever attempted suicide or homicide, and in what manner?
14. Destructive of clothing or property?
15. Disposed to filthiness of person or habits?
16. Any restraint or confinement been applied? If any, what?
17. If former attacks how many; and how long did they continue?
18. What natural peculiarities, power of self-control, temper, disposition, predominant passions, disappointment as to property, affections,

wounded pride, loss of friends, family troubles, intemperance in the use of ardent spirits, tobacco, etc.?

19. History of any bodily disease, especially suppressions of evacuations, eruptions, sores, etc., injuries, epilepsy, palsy, etc.?

20. What curative means have been tried?

21. By whom brought to the Hospital?

22. State to whom letters are to be addressed, and the name of the Post-office and county?

---

23. Admission of Indigent Patients.

Indigent patients, or those unable to pay their expenses in the Hospital, are supported by the State. Application can be made by their friends or any humane person in their behalf to the Probate Judge of their county, who is required by law to examine the case as to indigence and insanity, and if satisfied of both, to send them to the Hospital without delay.

The following is the form of the Judge's certificate, which must *be duly executed, stamped and sealed* in every case, and be presented to the Superintendent of the Hospital at the time or before the patient is brought:

I, A—— B——, Judge of the Court of Probate of the county of ——, and State of Alabama, do hereby report that application has been made to me in behalf of C—— D——, a resident of said county, alleged to be insane and in indigent circumstances, (or a pauper, as the case may be,) and pursuant to the act of the Legislature in such cases made and provided, I have called before me Dr. ——, a respectable physician, and other creditable witnesses, to-wit: (state their names,) and having examined them and fully investigated the case, and not deeming it necessary to call a jury, I do hereby decide and certify that satisfactory proof has been adduced before me, showing the said C—— D—— to be an insane person, and that he has not sufficient means to support him under said visitation of insanity.

Given under my hand at ——, in the county and State aforesaid, this —— day of ——, in the year of our Lord one thousand, eight hundred and seventy——.

A—— B——, Judge.

I, E—— F——, being duly sworn according to law, do hereby certify and declare that I have examined into the state of health and mental condition of C—— D——, of said county of ——, and that I am of the opinion that he is insane.

E—— F——, Physician.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this —— day of ——, A. D. 187—.

A—— B——, Judge.

I, A—— B——, Judge of the Probate Court of ——, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of my report and certificate in the case of ——, and also of the certificate of Dr. ——, thereto appended, as filed in my office.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal of office, at ——, this —— day of ——, A. D., 187—.

[Seal.] A—— B——, Judge.

24. Admission of Paying Patients.

Before any paying patient can be admitted into the Hospital, the following conditions must be complied with :

1st. The following bond must be properly filled, STAMPED and signed by two men, *whose responsibility must be attested by the Judge of Probate of the county in which they reside.* 2nd. The following certificate must be signed by at least one respectable physician. 3rd. Three months' charges must be paid in advance.

NOTE.—Payments will be required promptly quarterly *in advance* on the first days of January, April, July and October, or the patient will be discharged from the Hospital.

Private patients, whose expenses have been paid for three months, by their friends, if in indigent circumstances, may be transferred to the charge of the State on certificate of the Probate Judge declaring their indigence.

BOND.

Know all men by these presents, that we, —— and ——, of the county of ——, in the State of Alabama, are held and firmly bound unto the Alabama Insane Hospital in the penal sum of five hundred dollars, for the payment of which we hereby bind ourselves, jointly and severally, sealed with our seals, and dated this —— day of ——, 187—.

The condition of the above obligation is as follows : Whereas, —— of the county aforesaid, is about to be admitted as a paying patient into said Hospital ; now, if while —— shall remain therein, the undersigned shall constantly supply —— with suitable clothing, and pay all charges of said Hospital against ——, quarterly in advance, and whenever —— removal shall be required, immediately remove —— ; and if —— shall escape from the Hospital, pay all reasonable charges in restoring —— ; and if —— die therein, pay all reasonable expenses incurred for —— funeral ; then this obligation shall be void ; otherwise it shall remain in full force.

Witness our hands and seals this —— day of ——, 187—.

[SEAL.]
[SEAL.]

PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATE.

I have examined into the state of health and mental condition of —— and am of the opinion —— is insane. —— Physician.